

Complex Analysis 2020. Final

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#1. Let $z = e^{i\theta}$, $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$, $dz = i e^{i\theta} d\theta = i z d\theta$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2}(e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}) = \frac{1}{2z}(z^2 + 1), \quad C: |z|=1$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{10 - 6\cos \theta} = \oint_C \frac{1}{10 - \frac{3}{z}(z^2 + 1)} \cdot \frac{1}{iz} dz$$

$$= \oint_C \frac{-i}{10z - 3z^2 - 3} dz = \oint_C \frac{i}{3z^2 - 10z + 3} dz$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{3z^2 - 10z + 3} = \frac{1}{(z-3)(3z-1)}, \text{ only } z = \frac{1}{3} \text{ inside } C.$$

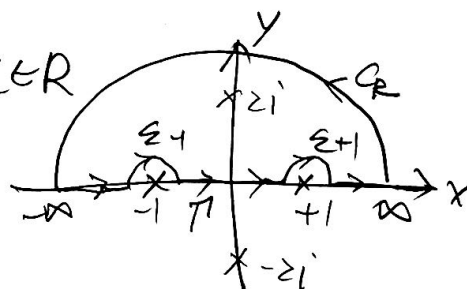
$$i \oint_C f(z) dz = i \cdot 2\pi i \cdot \text{Res}(f(z), \frac{1}{3})$$

$$= -2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{z-3} \Big|_{z=\frac{1}{3}} = -2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{-8} = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad \#$$

#2. $I = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin x}{(x^2+1)(x^2+4)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin x}{(x^2+1)(x^2+4)} dx$, $x \sin x$ is even

$$= \frac{1}{2} \text{Im} \left\{ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{z e^{iz}}{(z^2+1)(z^2+4)} dz \right\}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{Let } f(z) = \frac{z e^{iz}}{(z^2+1)(z^2+4)}$$



$$C = C_R + \Gamma_R + E_{-1} + E_{+1}$$

$$\int_{C_R} f(z) dz = 0.$$

$$\text{P.V.} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x e^{ix}}{(x^2+1)(x^2+4)} dx = \int_{\Gamma_R} f(z) dz$$

$$\oint_C = \int_{C_R} + \int_{\Gamma_R} + \int_{E_{-1}} + \int_{E_{+1}}$$

$$\int_{\Gamma_R} = 2\pi i \cdot \text{Res}(f(z), 2i) + \pi i [\text{Res}(f(z), -1) + \text{Res}(f(z), 1)]$$

$$\text{Res}(f(z), 2i) = \frac{z e^{iz}}{(z^2+1)(z+2i)} \Big|_{z=2i} = \frac{2i \cdot e^{-2}}{(-4-1) \cdot 4i} = -\frac{e^{-2}}{10}$$

$$\text{Res}(f(z), -1) = \frac{z e^{iz}}{(z-1)(z^2+4)} \Big|_{z=-1} = \frac{-e^{-i}}{-2 \cdot 5} = \frac{e^{-i}}{10}$$

$$\text{Res}(f(z), 1) = \frac{z e^{iz}}{(z+1)(z^2+4)} \Big|_{z=1} = \frac{e^i}{2 \cdot 5} = \frac{e^i}{10}$$

$$\int \pi_n = 2\pi i \cdot \left(-\frac{e^{-2}}{10}\right) + \pi i \cdot \left(\frac{e^{-i}}{10} + \frac{e^i}{10}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\pi i}{5} e^{-2} + \frac{\pi i}{5} \cos 1 = \frac{\pi i}{5} (\cos 1 - e^{-2})$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Im} \left\{ \frac{\pi i}{5} (\cos 1 - e^{-2}) \right\} = \frac{\pi}{10} (\cos 1 - e^{-2})$$

#3. $I = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{x^2+1} dx$

Let $f(z) = \frac{z^{\frac{1}{2}}}{z^2+1}$

$$\oint_C = \int_{C_R} + \int_{\epsilon} + \int_{L_1} + \int_{L_2}$$

$$\int_{C_R} f(z) dz \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } R \rightarrow \infty$$

$$\int_{\epsilon} f(z) dz \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } \epsilon \rightarrow 0$$

$$\int_{L_1} f(z) dz = I$$

$$\int_{L_2} f(z) dz = \int_{\infty}^0 \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot e^{i\pi}}{x^2+1} dx = -e^{i\pi} I$$

$$\oint_C f(z) dz = 2\pi i [\operatorname{Res}(f(z), i) + \operatorname{Res}(f(z), -i)]$$

$$= 2\pi i \cdot \left(\frac{z^{\frac{1}{2}}}{z+i} \Big|_{z=i} + \frac{z^{\frac{1}{2}}}{z-i} \Big|_{z=-i} \right)$$

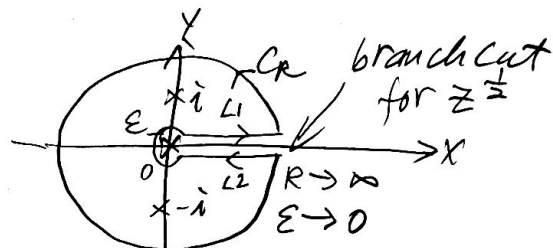
$$= 2\pi i \cdot \frac{1}{2i} \left(i^{\frac{1}{2}} - (-i)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)$$

$$= \pi \cdot \left(e^{\frac{\pi}{4}i} - e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}i} \right)$$

$$= \pi \cdot \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i - \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \right) \right] = \sqrt{2}\pi$$

$$(1 - e^{i\pi})I = \sqrt{2}\pi$$

$$2I = \sqrt{2}\pi, \quad I = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}$$



$$C = C_R + \epsilon + L_1 + L_2$$

$$L_1: z = x, \quad dz = dx$$

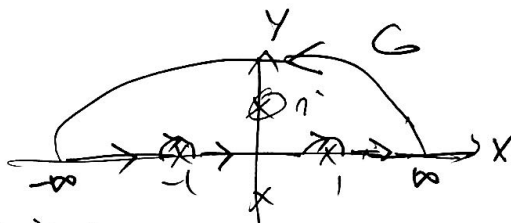
$$L_2: z = x e^{i2\pi}, \quad dz = dx$$

#5 $F(w) = \frac{w^2}{\pi(w^4-1)}$

$f(t) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{w^2 e^{iwt}}{w^4-1} dw = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{z^2 e^{izt}}{z^4-1} dz$, $\bar{f} = \frac{z^2 e^{izt}}{z^4-1}$

$z^4-1 = (z^2-1)(z^2+1) = (z-1)(z+1)(z+i)(z-i)$

① $t > 0$
 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{z^2 e^{izt}}{z^4-1} dz = 2\pi i \text{Res}(\bar{f}, i)$
 $+ \pi i (\text{Res}(\bar{f}, -1) + \text{Res}(\bar{f}, +1))$



$= 2\pi i \cdot \frac{z^2 e^{izt}}{(z^2-1)(z+i)} \Big|_{z=i} + \pi i \frac{z^2 e^{izt}}{(z-1)(z^2+1)} \Big|_{z=-1}$

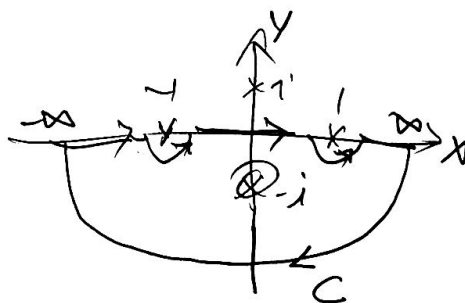
$+ \pi i \frac{z^2 e^{izt}}{(z+1)(z^2+1)} \Big|_{z=1}$
 $= 2\pi i \cdot \frac{-1 \cdot e^{-t}}{-2 \cdot 2i} + \pi i \left(\frac{e^{-it}}{-2 \cdot 2} + \frac{e^{it}}{2 \cdot 2} \right)$

$= \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-t} + \frac{\pi i}{4} \cdot 2i \sin t = \frac{\pi}{2} (e^{-t} - \sin t)$

$f(t) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{-t} - \sin t)$

② $t < 0$

$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \bar{f} dz = -2\pi i \text{Res}(\bar{f}, -i)$
 $- \pi i (\text{Res}(\bar{f}, -1) + \text{Res}(\bar{f}, +1))$



$= -2\pi i \cdot \frac{z^2 e^{izt}}{(z^2-1)(z-i)} \Big|_{z=-i} + \frac{\pi}{2} \sin t$

$= -2\pi i \cdot \frac{+1 \cdot e^{t}}{-2 \cdot (-2i)} + \frac{\pi}{2} \sin t = \frac{\pi}{2} e^t + \frac{\pi}{2} \sin t$

$f(t) = \frac{1}{2} (e^t + \sin t)$

$\Rightarrow f(w) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{-|t|} - \sin|t|)$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$.