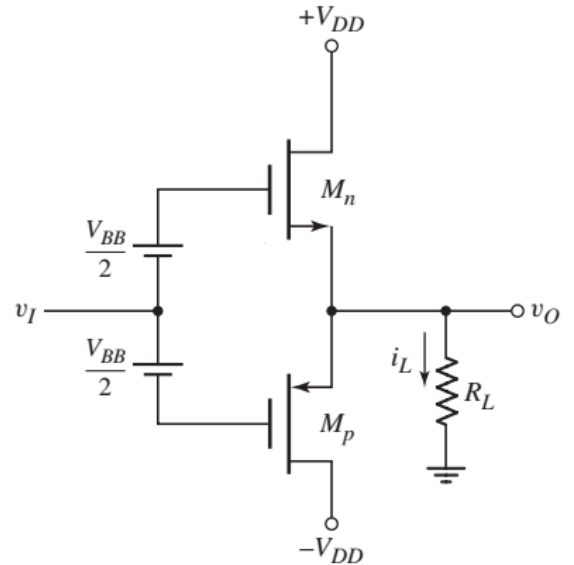
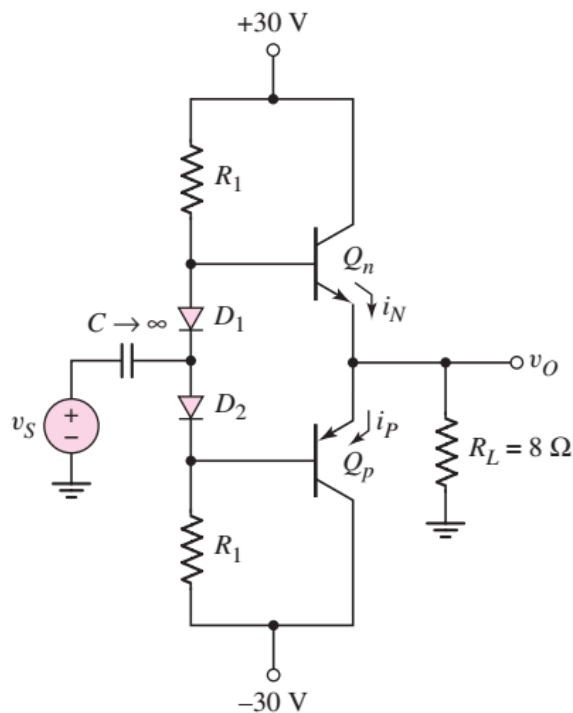


Electronics II, EXAM-2, Spring 2024
 Department of Communication Engineering, National Central University
 May 3, 2024, Prof. Dah-Chung Chang (E1-311)

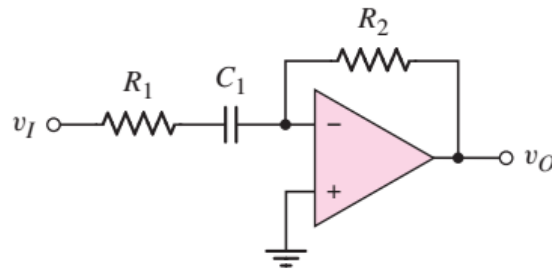
1. (20%) Assume that the conduction parameter in the MOSFET current-voltage characteristics is denoted by $K_n = K_p = K$. Show that the voltage gain for the class-AB output stage is $A_v = \frac{dv_O}{dv_I} = \frac{2\sqrt{KR_L}\sqrt{v_O}}{1+2\sqrt{KR_L}\sqrt{v_O}}$ when $v_I = +V_{DD}$ (that is, the transistor M_p is off).



2. (25%) Consider the class-AB output stage. The diodes and transistors are matched with the same parameters $I_S = 6 \times 10^{-12} \text{ A}$, and $\beta = 40$.
- Determine the voltage V_{BE_n} and R_1 such that the minimum current in the diodes is 25 mA when $v_O = 24 \text{ V}$. (10%)
 - Following (a), what are the voltage across the diode D_1 and the voltage V_{EB_p} ? (10%)
 - Neglecting base current and assuming the diode cut-in voltage is 0.6V, determine the voltage across diode $v_O = 0 \text{ V}$.

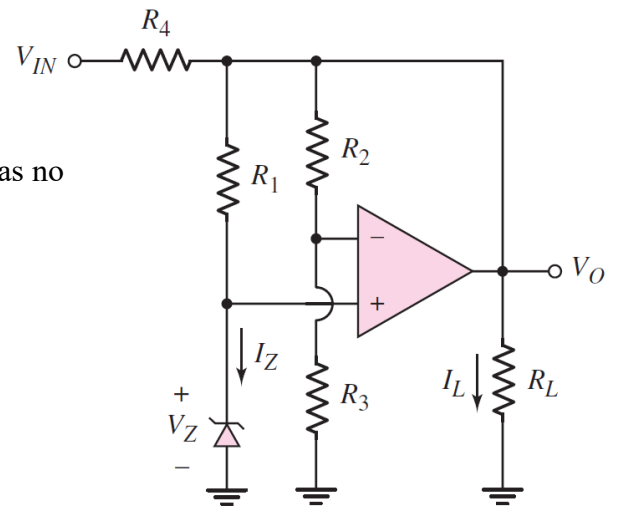


3. (20%) The circuit shown in the below is an active filter. Indicate what kind of filter it is and derive the 3dB corner frequency.



4. (15%) Consider the voltage reference circuit, using a Zener diode with a breakdown voltage of 5.6V. We design the circuit to produce an output voltage of 12.0 V with the input voltage of 15.0V and the Zener diode current $I_Z = 2mA$.

- (a) Find R_1 . (5%)
 (b) Let the current of R_2 be $2mA$. Find R_2 and R_3 . (5%)
 (c) If $R_L = 3K\Omega$, find R_4 such that the op-amp has no output current. (5%)



5. (20%) In the difference amplifier shown in the below, $R_1 = R_3 = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 20\text{ k}\Omega$, and $R_4 = 21\text{ k}\Omega$. Determine the CMRR(dB).

